

Background Information about Statistical Data
Treasury Statistics -- Quantity and Value of National Property

I. Data Compiling and Release Agencies

- * Release Agency: National Property Administration, Ministry of Finance
- * Data Compiling Agency: Accounting and Statistics Office, National Property Administration, Ministry of Finance
- * Tel No.: 886-2-2771-8121 ext. 2312
- * Fax No.: 886-2-2741-4904
- * Email: ak9942@fnp.gov.tw

II. Release Form

(1) Oral

- * Press Conference or Briefing: Yes None

(2) Written

- * Press Release: Yes None
- * Statistic Tables: Total value of National Property
- * Book: Yearbook of Financial Statistics

(3) Online

- * Online Press Release, Table, Book or Database, URL1:
<https://www.fnp.gov.tw/fnpen/htmlList/20ed9b6ec99d4cad997d4afa19a17673>
- * Online Press Release, Table, Book or Database, URL2:
<https://www.mof.gov.tw/Eng/singlehtml/260?cntId=290009d7327a40b9a67572a21d6ffc52>
- * Floppy Disk: Yes None
- * Disc: Yes None
- * Other: None

III. the Data Scope, Periodicity and Timeliness

- * Coverage and Object:
National properties owned by our country.
- * Statistical Standard Time:
The data is collected based on the facts at the end of a certain fiscal year.
- * Definition of Statistical Items:
(I) National property: The property obtained by the state according to the law, based on the exercise of power, due to budgetary expenditure or due to acceptance of donations is called national property. In other words, the methods of acquiring national properties include those acquired by the state according to the law; those received, confiscated, and expropriated by the state based on the exercise of public power; those constructed or purchased by the state based on appropriation; those donated to the

Government of the Republic of China by people at home and abroad. In addition, all property that is not privately owned or owned by local governments, that is, unregistered real estate or property of which the ownership is privately owned or owned by local governments is undetermined shall be regarded as the national property unless otherwise provided by law.

The types of national property include:

1. Land: Including foundations of houses, other construction land, land used for direct production, land used for transportation and water resources, barren land and land improvements (including land used for storage, protection, education, maintenance, and miscellaneous purposes), etc.
2. Housing construction and equipment: Including the body of house and building and auxiliary facilities.
3. Machinery and equipment: Including industrial, mining, agricultural and forestry, electrical, power, construction and various processing, transportation machinery and equipment, medical equipment and appliances, inspection (testing) and control devices and equipment and computer equipment, etc.
4. Communication and transportation equipment: Including land transportation, water transportation, air transportation equipment, meteorological equipment, telecommunications, mail delivery equipment, and transportation system control equipment, etc.
5. Miscellaneous equipment: Including office equipment, protective equipment and library equipment etc.
6. Securities: Refers to the shares, stocks and bonds owned by the state.
7. Rights: Refers to superficies, easements, lien rights, mortgages, mineral rights, fishery rights, patent rights, copyrights, trademark rights, and other property rights.

(II) According to its nature, national property is divided into two categories, public use property and non-public use property. Public use property is all property of the state or local governments for official use, including national property used for providing official services, used by the public and enterprises.

(III) Office use property: Refers to public property used by various government agencies, troops, public schools, office workplaces and dormitories.

(IV) Public use property: Refers to public property provided by the state or local governments for the public to use.

(V) Enterprise use property: Refers to public property used by public enterprises; however, if the public enterprise is a company, the term "public property" refers only to the shares owned by the state or governments.

(VI) Non-public use property: Refers to all public property other than public use property that is available for revenue or disposition.

(VII) Precious movable property and real estate:

1. Precious movable property refers to cultural, historic, artistic or rare ancient relics, folk cultural relics, works of art, books, historic materials and natural objects, etc., which have been confirmed by the administration authority, or have been confirmed by the competent authority of the administration authorities managing the movable property of which the attribute is disputable in conjunction with relevant authorities.
2. Precious real estate refers to real estate that has been approved as a historic site by the relevant authority, or cultural, historical, and artistic real estate that has been confirmed by the administration authority, or has been identified by its competent authority in conjunction with the relevant authorities.

* Statistical Unit: NT \$ 1,000; hectare; block; piece

* Statistical Classification:

National properties are classified as public use property (for official use, public use, enterprise use) and non-public use property, and classified according to the competent authority of the property, property types, land management and classification, housing management and classification.

* Release Periodicity (the frequency of data compilation or producing, such as month, quarter, year, etc.): Year

* Timeliness (the interval between the end of statistical standard time and data release time): 4 months

* Major Change:

(I) The classification of the statistical data has been amended according to the National Property Act, the Rules of National Property Cadastration Management and the Operation Process of National Non-public Use Property Cadastration Management.

1. The amendments to the National Property Act are listed as follows:

| | |
|---------------|-------------------|
| January 1969 | Promulgation |
| May 1971 | First amendment |
| January 1975 | Second amendment |
| January 1981 | Third amendment |
| January 2000 | Fourth amendment |
| April 2002 | Fifth amendment |
| February 2003 | Sixth amendment |
| January 2012 | Seventh amendment |
| November 2018 | Eighth amendment |

2. The Rules of National Property Cadastration Management:

The Rules were made by the Ministry of Finance with the official letter of Taicaichanji No. 8900034920 on December 18, 2000; revised by the Ministry of Finance with the official letter of Taicaichanji No.

0940004326 on February 18, 2005; revised by the Ministry of Finance with the official letter of Taicaichanji No.0950016192 on June 1, 2006; revised by the Ministry of Finance with the official letter of Taicaichanji No. 09630004460 on June 12, 2007; revised by the Ministry of Finance with the official letter of Taicaichanji No. 10030007360 on July 14, 2011; revised by the Ministry of Finance with the official letter of Taicaichanji No. 10130002070 on March 20, 2012; revised by the Ministry of Finance with the official letter of Taicaichanji No. 1023000746 on August 15, 2013; revised by the Ministry of Finance with the official letter of Taicaichanji No. 10430003080 June 5, 2015; and revised by the Ministry of Finance with the official letter of Taicaichanji No. 10730002440 on August 10, 2018.

3. The amendments to the Operation Process of National Non-public Use Property Cadastration Management are listed as follows:

| | |
|----------------|---|
| March 1968 | Promulgation |
| July 1985 | First amendment |
| August 2000 | Second amendment |
| January 2001 | Third amendment |
| August 2008 | Fourth amendment |
| March 2011 | Fifth amendment |
| April 2011 | Sixth amendment |
| July 2011 | Seventh amendment |
| October 2011 | Eighth amendment |
| February 2012 | Ninth amendment to the appendices |
| January 2013 | Tenth amendment |
| September 2013 | Eleventh amendment to the appendices |
| August 2015 | Twelfth amendment to the appendices |
| December 2015 | Thirteenth amendment to the appendices |
| June 2016 | Fourteenth amendment to the appendices |
| November 2016 | Fifteenth amendment to the appendices |
| June 2017 | Sixteenth amendment to the appendices |
| October 2017 | Seventeenth amendment to the appendices |
| January 2018 | Eighteenth amendment to the appendices |
| May 2018 | Nineteenth amendment to the appendices |
| August 2018 | Twentieth amendment to the appendices |
| November 2018 | Twenty-first amendment to the appendices |
| January 2019 | Twenty-second amendment to the appendices |
| March 2019 | Twenty-third amendment to the appendices |
| August 2019 | Twenty-fourth amendment to the appendices |
| October 2019 | Twenty-fifth amendment to the appendices |
| January 2020 | Twenty-sixth amendment to the appendices |
| September 2020 | Twenty-seventh amendment |

(II) The changes in the fiscal year are listed as follows:

1. Before the 1953, the calendar system is adopted, that is, from January 1 to December 31, with the year of the Republic of China era as its annual name.
2. From 1954 to 1958, the fiscal year was from July 1 to June 30 of the following year, with the year of the Republic of China era as its annual name. The period from January 1, 1954 to June 30, 1954 is called the first half of 1954.
3. From 1960 to 1999, the fiscal year was from July 1 to June 30 of the following year, with the year of the Republic of China era as its annual name. So there is no 1959 fiscal year.
4. Since 2000 the calendar system has been adopted, that is, from January 1 to December 31, with the year of the Republic of China era as its annual name. The period from July 1, 1999 to December 31, 1999 is called the second half of 1999.

IV. Release Information

* Announce Release Date in Advance:

The statistical results will be released at the end of April after the data year. "Advance Notice of Statistical Data Release Schedule" is uploaded on the website of the National Property Administration, Ministry of Finance. Website: <https://www.fnp.gov.tw/fnpen/htmlList/20ed9b6ec99d4cad997d4afa19a17673>

* Simultaneously Send Unit:

The Department of Statistics, Ministry of Finance compiles and publishes the statistical data in the "Yearbook of Financial Statistics" regularly to provide reference for all sectors.

V. Data Quality

* Statistical Methodology and Source Data:

The Accounting and Statistics Office, National Property Administration, Ministry of Finance compiles the statistics based on the data of actual accounting of public use properties and non-public use properties and the reported losses and write-off value.

* the Mechanism to Ensure the Reliability and Accuracy:

Check the reasonableness of the data according to the actual monthly accounting, reported losses and write-off value and items of the competent authorities and compare them with the total value on the catalog of national properties at the end of the year, to ensure the accuracy of the data.

VI. Remarks and Advance Notice of Related Changes

None

VII. Other Announcements

* Notes:

None